THE PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION OF NOVA SCOTIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022



THE PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION OF NOVA SCOTIA INDEX DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of:
The Progressive Conservative Association of Nova Scotia

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Progressive Conservative Association of Nova Scotia ("the Association"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and the statements of operations and surplus and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many political organizations, The Progressive Conservative Association of Nova Scotia derives revenue from political donations and fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Association and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to contributions revenue, fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, assets and members' surplus.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Baker Tilly Nova Scotia is a member of Baker Tilly Canada Cooperative which is a member of the global network of Baker Tilly International Limited. All Members of Baker Tilly Canada Cooperative and Baker Tilly International Limited are separate and independent legal entities.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
 those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a
 basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting
 from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We have audited the Association's compliance, as at December 31, 2022, with the criteria established by the disclosure requirements set out in the Regulations authorized under Part II of the Elections Act. These financial statements and compliance with the criteria established by the Act and their Regulations are the responsibility of the Association's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this compliance based on our audit.

In our opinion, the Association has complied, in all material respects, with the criteria established by the disclosure requirements set out in the Regulations authorized under Part II of the Elections Act.

Dartmouth, Nova Scotia May 8, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountants

Baker Tuly Novo Soha Inc



THE PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION OF NOVA SCOTIA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
REVENUES		
Contributions	356,771	765,484
Annual general meeting	65,163	17,949
Membership dues	48,580	19,035
Interest	2,720	81
Candidate application fee	-	2,480
Fundraising	10,002	20,770
Province of Nova Scotia		
Public funding	299,072	267,028
Candidate rebates	6,148	643,820
	<u>788,456</u>	1,736,647
TRANSFERS Constituencies and candidates	(92.642)	/ 269.746\
Constituencies and candidates	(83,643)	(268,746)
EVDENICEC	<u>704,813</u>	<u> 1,467,901</u>
EXPENSES	40.065	4 670
Advertising Amortization	42,267	4,673
	2,071	790
Annual general meeting Communications	74,607	24,344 31,111
	39,133	273,734
Election preparedness Election	27,258	979,910
Fundraising	58,392	61,242
Honoraria and salaries	173,043	189,102
Insurance	9,189	6,847
Interest and bank charges	3,251	4,402
Legal and audit fees	29,780	21,860
Meetings	3,637	6,736
Office occupancy	37,497	31,819
Office supplies and postage	68,766	58,336
	<u>568,891</u>	1,694,906
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	135,922	(227,005)
SURPLUS - beginning of year	432,970	<u>659,975</u>
SURPLUS - end of year	568,892	432,970



THE PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION OF NOVA SCOTIA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
CURRENT Cash Accounts receivable (Note 3) Term deposits (Note 4)	299,331 87,409 450,000	120,307 541,092 -
Prepaids	11,986	9,868
	848,726	671,267
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 5)	<u>7,864</u>	2,370
	<u>856,590</u>	673,637
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6) Deferred revenue	211,167 76,531 287,698	168,488 72,179 240,667
MEMBERS' SURPLUS		
UNRESTRICTED	568,892	432,970
	<u>856,590</u>	673,637
COMMITMENTS (Note 7)		
Approved by the Board		
Petol Director		
Morris MacLeod Director		



THE PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION OF NOVA SCOTIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR):	\$	\$
OPERATING		
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses	135,922	(227,005)
Amortization	<u>2,071</u>	<u>790</u>
	137,993	(226,215)
Changes in non-cash working capital items		
Accounts receivable	453,683	(347,860)
Prepaids	(2,118)	(2,296)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	42,679	(24,406)
Deferred revenue	<u>4,352</u>	8,888
	636,589	(591,889)
INVESTING		
Acquisition of capital assets	(7,565)	(3,160)
Acquisition of term deposits	(450,000)	
	<u>(457,565)</u>	(3,160)
CHANGE IN CASH	179,024	(595,049)
CASH - beginning of year	120,307	715,356
CASH - end of year	299,331	120,307



1. OPERATIONS

The Progressive Conservative Association of Nova Scotia (the "Association") is a provincial political party, incorporated on June 3, 1993 under the Societies Act of Nova Scotia. The Association was established to secure responsible government for the Province of Nova Scotia by supporting the vision and mission of the Progressive Conservative Party. The Association operates as the PC Party of Nova Scotia.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements include only the assets, liabilities and operations of the Association and, therefore, do not include the assets, liabilities and operations of any provincial constituency.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

Cash

Cash consist of bank balances held with financial institutions.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided for using the following rates and method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment 4 years Straight-line Furniture and equipment 6 years Straight-line

Revenue recognition

The Association recognizes contributions, fundraising, and membership dues revenue in the period it was received. All other revenue, including public funding, is recognized on an accrual basis, when the amount is determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

Income taxes

The Association is a registered non-profit organization under the meaning assigned in Section 149.1 (1) of the Income Tax Act, and, as such, is exempt from income taxes. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the accounts for income taxes.



2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Donated services

Volunteer services contributed on behalf of the Association in carrying out its activities are not recognized in these financial statements due to the difficulty in determining their value.

Non-monetary sponsorships

Non-monetary sponsorships of various fundraising events held by the Association are not recorded in these financial statements nor are they receipted as a contribution for income tax purposes.

Financial instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The Association initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value.

The Association subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and term deposits.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of any write down is recognized in the excess of revenues over expenses. Any previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of a reversal is recognized in the excess of revenues over expenses.



2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used when accounting for items and matters such as allowance for uncollectable accounts receivable and certain accrued liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Accounts receivable	34,013	3,599
Campaign rebates receivable	-	437,810
Constituencies receivable	3,067	347
Contributions receivable	30,401	16,195
HST rebate receivable	<u>54,812</u>	83,141
	122,293	541,092
Less allowance	(34,884)	
	87,409	541,092

4. TERM DEPOSITS

Term deposits are comprised of Guaranteed Investment Certifications (GIC's) bearing interest at:

	2022	2021 \$
4.99/	250.000	Ψ
4.8% per annum, maturing in November 2024 4.75% per annum, maturing in November 2023	250,000 150,000	-
3% per annum, maturing in November 2023	50,000	
	450,000	2



5.	CAPITAL ASSETS	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization	Net 2022 \$	Net 2021 \$
		,	,	•	,
	Computer equipment Furniture and equipment	10,350 12,861	8,591 6,756	1,759 6,105	2,370
	Turitture and equipment				
		23,211	15,347	<u> 7,864</u>	2,370
6.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES 2022 2021 \$ \$				
	Trade payable Accrued liabilities Constituencies and candidate	es payable		58,102 50,107 102,958	10,840 24,992 132,656
				211,167	168,488

7. COMMITMENTS

The Association is committed to lease its premises until November 2024. Future minimum lease payments for the next two years are as follows:

\$
2023 37,762
2024 34,615

8. LINE OF CREDIT

The Association has an operating credit facility authorized in the amount of \$50,000. The credit facility is secured by a general security agreement and bears interest at the Bank's prime rate plus 1.75% per annum. The balance on the line of credit at December 31, 2022 is \$NIL (2021 - \$NIL).



9. CONTRIBUTIONS FOR WHICH OFFICIAL RECEIPTS ISSUED

During the year, the Association issued official contribution receipts for income tax purposes totaling \$399,320 (2021 - \$780,519), which includes \$NIL (2021 - \$NIL) of receipts issued for funds collected by individual constituencies via fundraisers and are not included in the revenues of the Association.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Risks and concentrations

The Association is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Association's risk exposure and concentrations at December 31, 2022.

It is management's opinion that the Association is not exposed to significant market, currency, interest rate and price risks from its financial instruments. The risks arising on financial instruments are limited to the following:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Association to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and accounts receivable. The Association deposits its cash in reputable financial institutions and therefore believes the risk of loss to be remote. The Association is exposed to credit risk from contribution accounts receivable. The Association believes this credit risk is minimized as the Association has a large and diverse contributor base. A provision for impairment of accounts receivable is established when there is objective evidence that the Association will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Association is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Sufficient financing facilities are in place should cash requirements exceed cash generated from operations.



10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Association is exposed to interest rate risk on its financial obligations at variable interest rates. In the current year, there was no interest expenses incurred, therefore interest rate risk was minimal.

The Association is exposed to interest rate price risk as term deposits which bear interest at a fixed interest rate.

11. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain figures presented for comparative purposes have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted for the current year.

